

Adult Volleyball FCRV Rules
Mixed Teams
As Revised 1/18/1995

States/Provinces and Regions may play their own rules at their own campouts but the National Adult Sports Rules must be followed at the National Campventions. These rules have been developed from input from all parts of the organization. They are not intended to be like any other rules but are intended to preserve the fun of the game, to make the game easy to play and easy to judge, and to keep the length of the game reasonable in length.

I. Eligibility

Contestants must be at least 20 years of age at the time of the competition and be a member in good standing of FCRV. Contestants must be the official representative(s) of their province or state.

II. Teams

Each state/province may enter only one team. Each team shall consist of a maximum of twelve (12) players, of which the male/female ratio shall be as close to 1 to 1 as possible. At no time may a team have three (3) men next to the net at the same time and a team may never have more men than women playing at any time.

III. Substitutions

There may be only six (6) substitutions during a game. Players may re-enter a game only once and they must re-enter to their original position of rotation. If an injury substitution is made (not one of the six allowed substitutions) the injured player may not re-enter the game. Substitutions may only be made during dead ball periods and an injury causes a dead ball.

IV. Match Play

The tournament will be single elimination where team pairings are drawn by lots. No team may come into the finals via a bye. When the tournament has played down to three teams, they will play off the finals in a round robin. In a round robin play off, team "A" will play team "B" and team "C"; team "B" will play team "A" and team "C"; and team "C" will play team "A" and team "B". The team with the most wins in the round robin will be champion. If there is a tie, the team with the most accumulated points in the round robin will be declared the champion. If the tournament plays down to two final teams, they will decide the championship with a three game play-off.

V. Bye

Byes are used in the preliminary rounds of competition, when uneven numbers of teams occurs in a column of a tournament bracket. The bye fills in the place of the missing team and the team paired with the bye automatically wins and advances to the next bracket. A team must never be advanced to the final playoffs via a bye. The byes must be placed in selected positions of the tournament brackets, except the finals, before the pairings are done by drawing lots. The byes will be placed so that no team can receive more than one bye in the tournament.

VI. Forfeit

A team will forfeit the game if not on the field and ready to play when the court referee calls for their game to start play. A forfeit may also occur when one team concedes to the other.

VII. Conduct of Play

Unsportsmanlike conduct shall not be allowed. Unsportsmanlike conduct shall include but not limited to stamping feet and shouting when an opponent is in the act of serving or playing the ball. The referee has the power to warn, declare side out, award a point or disqualify from the game any player or coach who commits, in the opinion of the referee, a gross violation of sportsmanlike conduct.

VIII. Court Layout

The court area will be selected based upon available space, safety, comfort, and convenience. The playing field will be thirty (30) ft by sixty (60) ft divided into two thirty (30) ft by thirty (30) ft sides by a net seven (7) ft six (6) in high. Boundaries and the center line below the net must be clearly marked, sports chalk is ideal. A six (6) ft playing area around the boundary of the court will be kept clear of objects and spectators as a safety precaution. If possible, the court should be laid out so as not to give either side a disadvantage from the sun. If possible, an elevated platform should be provided at the net, for the referee, for better viewing of both playing areas.

IX. Referee

The referee is the head official who shall be responsible for making decisions, starting games, net fouls, determining the number of hits, ball in play, dead ball, points, and serving order. The referee is responsible for overall rules and conduct of play.

X. Official Scorer

Keeps track of the scoring during the game and records scores and game results.

XI. Time Outs

Each team is allowed two (2) time-outs of thirty (30) seconds duration per game. They are to be called by the captain during dead ball periods.

XII. Choice of Serve or Side

The choice of serve or side will be determined by toss of a coin.

XII. Switching of Sides

To eliminate any disadvantage caused by sun or weather, teams will change sides after the eighth (8th) point of each game.

XIV. Length of Game

The first team scoring fifteen (15) points and having a margin of two (2) points over the opponent is the winner. If both teams reach fifteen (15) points or more without either team gaining a two (2) point margin, play will continue until one team gains a two (2) point advantage.

XV. Service Rules

The server shall serve from behind the boundary line, between his right corner and ten (10) feet in from this corner. The server may not serve from the center or the left court but there

is no limit on how far back a server may stand. The server's foot may not come down on the boundary line or inside the boundary until after the ball has been served. However, the server's foot or body may be in the air over or past the boundary line when the ball is served. A served ball is dead if it does not clear the net without assistance, hits the net or other obstructions, is served by the wrong person or is served before the referee starts play. Under the last circumstance only, the team has one more chance to serve, per game.

XVI. Players

- A. Front line players may hit the ball from any position above or below the top of the net.
- B. Back line players may spike the ball only when they take off from behind the ten (10) ft (ten feet back from the net). Back line players may not block the ball.
- C. One player may not play the ball twice in succession. A block does not count as a hit.
- D. A team is allowed a maximum of three (3) hits before the ball crosses the net.
- E. When a spike is blocked, it is considered to have crossed the net.

XVII. Net Play

- A. Players may not touch the net in any manner during play.
- B. Reaching over the net is permitted only:
 - 1. During the follow through of a legal hit.
 - 2. Blocking a return that will cross the net.
- C. Service may not be blocked or attacked. Attacked is defined as receiving the ball with the hand(s) behind the head forcing the ball over the net.
- D. Recovering a ball hit into the net is permitted.
- E. During play, a ball touching the net within the boundaries shall remain in play.
- F. A ball is considered across the net if any portion of the ball crosses the net or when a spiked ball is blocked and returned.
- G. Successive contact of the ball by a player whose first contact was the result of a block shall be counted as one hit.
- H. When the ball is simultaneously played by opponents, the player on the opposite side of the net from which the ball lands is considered the last person to touch the ball.
- I. The center line under the net may be stepped on but not crossed.
- J. Players may not touch a ball traveling parallel to the net after the opponents first or second hit.

XVIII. Hits

A legal hit is contact with the ball by a player's body above and including the waist which does not allow the ball to visibly come to rest, even for a moment. Legal hits include:

- A. SERVE - contact with the ball to initiate play.
- B. BUMP or SET - a play in which the ball is hit up into the air so another player can hit the ball or so the ball goes over the net.
- C. SPIKE or ATTACK - a play in which the ball is hit forcibly into the opponent's court.
- D. BLOCK - a play at the net where players attempt to prevent a spike from coming across the net, or to return it immediately.

XIX. Equipment Needed

- A. Two officials for each court.
- B. Two playing courts.
- C. Two step stands.
- D. Two whistles.

- E. Two stop watches.
- F. Sports chalk and a line machine.
- G. Tournament bracket chart and pencils.
- H. Scoring table and chairs.
- I. Score board for each court.
- J. Drinking water, cups, trash bags, etc.

General United States Volleyball rules used as a guide.